# MetGENE: Gene-centric Metabolomics Information Retrieval Tool

Sumana Srinivasan, Mano Ram Maurya, Srinivasan Ramachandran, Eoin Fahy and Shankar Subramaniam



CFDE: Gene Working Group
Biomedical Data Commons Workbench (BDCW)
Metabolomics Workbench DCC
University of California, San Diego



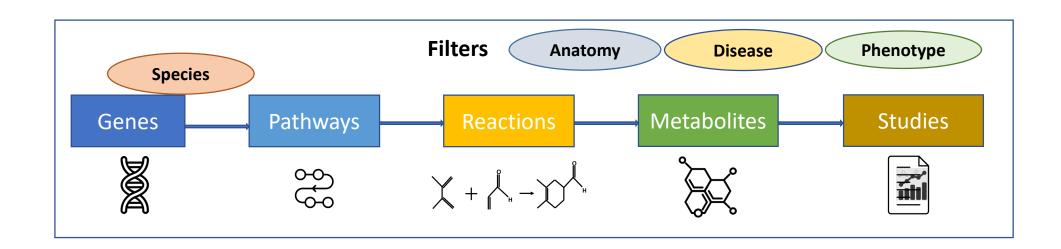
Funding: NIH Common Funds (Metabolomics Workbench and Common Fund Data Ecosystem (CFDE))

# Motivation

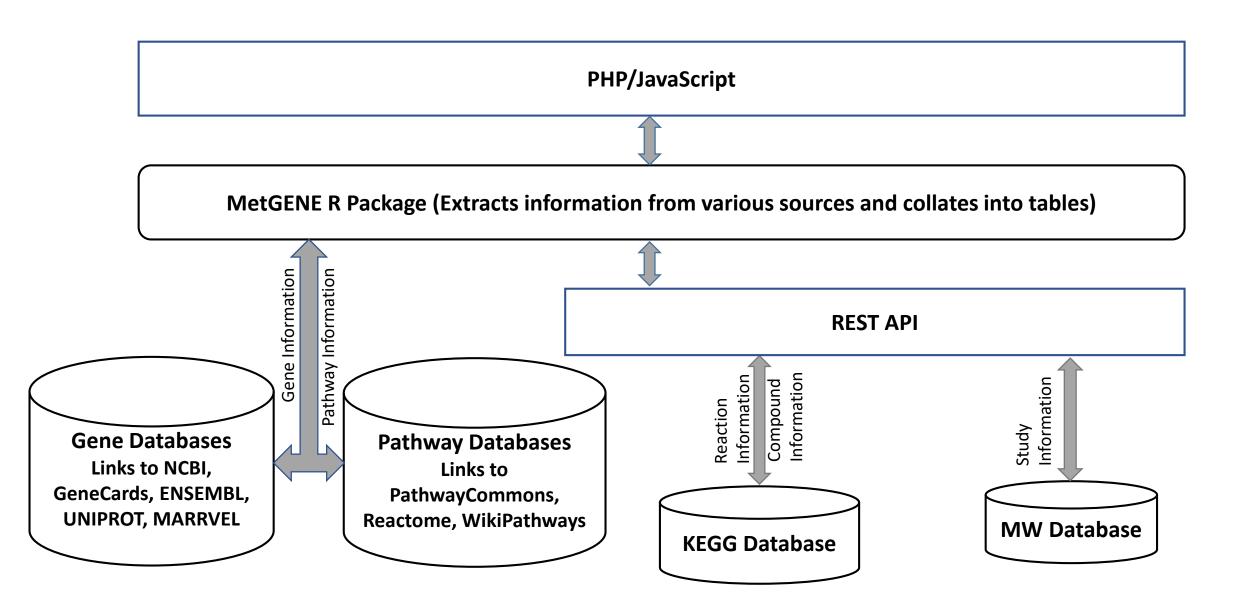
- Biomedical research involves integration of multiomics data contextually, to reconstruct networks, understand mechanisms, identify biomarkers and potential drug targets for drug design and therapy.
- Researchers need to access data and information from several diverse sources comprising of data in a variety of (and sometimes incomplete) formats.
- Next, the data and information are further analyzed and aggregated manually (or semi-automatically at best) with considerable effort in order to reconstruct networks, develop quantitative models and decipher mechanisms.
- MetGENE is a knowledge-based data integration tool that uses a hierarchical information retrieval approach to aggregate gene, pathway, reaction and metabolite and metabolomic study-centric data from various sources (such as KEGG and Metabolomics Workbench) under one dashboard, to enable ease of access by centralization of relevant information.

# Gene to Metabolomic Studies

- MetGENE is a hierarchical, knowledge-based gene-centric information retrieval tool.
- Given one or more genes, the MetGENE identifies associations between the gene(s) and the metabolites that are biosynthesized, metabolized, or transported by proteins coded by the genes.
- The gene(s) link to metabolites, the chemical transformations involving the metabolites through gene-specified proteins/enzymes, the functional association of these geneassociated metabolites and the pathways involving these metabolites.



# MetGENE Architecture



# **Features**

- Client-side error handling and validation gene search input is validated to allow only alphanumeric symbols. Invalid gene IDs are recognized, and appropriate error messages are displayed.
- Supports filtering based on
  - Taxonomy Uses terms (e.g. Human, Mouse), as per the NCBI taxonomy database
  - Anatomy Uses terms (e.g. Blood, Liver), from Uber-anatomy Ontology (Uberon)
  - Disease Uses terms (e.g. Diabetes, Fatty liver disease) from Disease Ontology database
  - Phenotype (in progress) Uses terms (e.g. BMI) from the Human Phenotype Ontology database
  - JSON files for each of these categories are curated and updated regularly to keep them current and use it to generate a two-step selection menu based on anatomy, disease and phenotype slim terms in the first level and corresponding anatomy, disease and phenotype terms in the second level for ease of presenting the options to the user.

# Web based UI

- User can specify the gene using several gene ID types, such as SYMBOL, ENTREZ gene ID and ENSEMBL ID.
- Gene ID conversion tool translates these into harmonized IDs that are basis at the computational end for metabolite associations (data integration).
- All studies involving the metabolites associated with the gene-coded proteins, as
  present in the Metabolomics Workbench (MW), the portal for the NIH Common
  Fund National Metabolomics Data Repository (NMDR), will be accessible to the
  user through the portal interface.

# **Example: PNPLA3**

- The PNPLA3 gene encodes for the protein adiponutrin, found in fat and liver cells.
- Regulates the development of adipocytes and the production and breakdown of fats (lipogenesis and lipolysis).
- Diseases associated with PNPLA3 include <u>Fatty Liver Disease</u> and <u>Non-Alcoholic Steatohepatitis</u>.
- Pathways: Metabolism and Glycerophospholipid biosynthesis.

Kohen, ... Hobbs, Human fatty liver disease: old questions and new insights, Science, 2011

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21700865/

Biomarkers of NAFLD progression: a lipidomics approach to an epidemic <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25598080/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25598080/</a>

The role of PNPLA3 in health and disease: <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29935383/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29935383/</a>

PNPLA3—A Potential Therapeutic Target for Personalized Treatment of Chronic Liver

Disease: <a href="https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fmed.2019.00304/full">https://www.frontiersin.org/articles/10.3389/fmed.2019.00304/full</a>

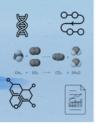
# Landing page

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE



# MetGENE

### **Gene-centric Metabolomics Information Retrieval Tool**



### Welcome to the MetGENE Tool

Given one or more genes, the MetGENE tool identifies associations between the gene(s) and the metabolites that are biosynthesized, metabolized, or transported by proteins coded by the genes. The gene(s) link to metabolites, the chemical transformations involving the metabolites through gene-specified proteins/enzymes, the functional association of these geneassociated metabolites and the pathways involving these metabolites.

### **Gene ID and Type**

The user can specify the gene using a multiplicity of IDs and gene ID conversion tool translates these into harmonized IDs that are basis at the computational end for metabolite associations. Further, all studies involving the metabolites associated with the gene-coded proteins, as present in the Metabolomics Workbench (MW), the portal for the NIH Common Fund National Metabolomics Data Repository (NMDR), will be accessible to the user through the portal interface. The user can begin her/his journey from the NIH Common Fund Data Ecosystem (CFDE) portal A tutorial for MetGENE is available here.

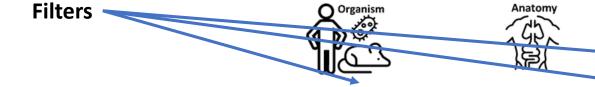
Use separator "," for multiple gene symbols or iDs"

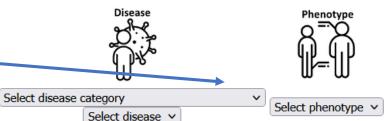
Gene\_ID: PNPLA3 Gene-ID Type: SYMBOL 

V

Select anatomy

### Filter by:





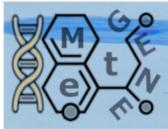
Submit

Human

Please address questions/issues/bugs regarding MetGENE to susrinivasan[AT]ucsd[dot]edu, mano[AT]sdsc[dot]edu

Terms of use | Contact |





# MetGENE

### **Gene-centric Metabolomics Information Retrieval Tool**



Home

Genes

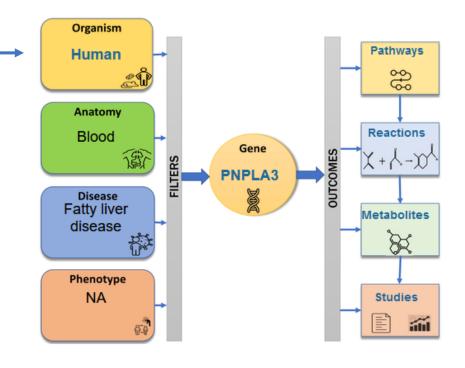
**Pathways** 

Reactions

Metabolites

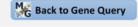
Studies

Provides context and can be navigated



In the MetGENE tool, information about the gene(s) PNPLA3 is presented in **Genes**, the corresponding pathways in **Pathways** and the reactions in **Reactions** tabs. The metabolites participating in the reactions are presented in **Metabolites** tab. For each metabolite, the studies containing the metabolite are identified from the **Metabolomics Workbench** (MW) and presented in **Studies** tab.

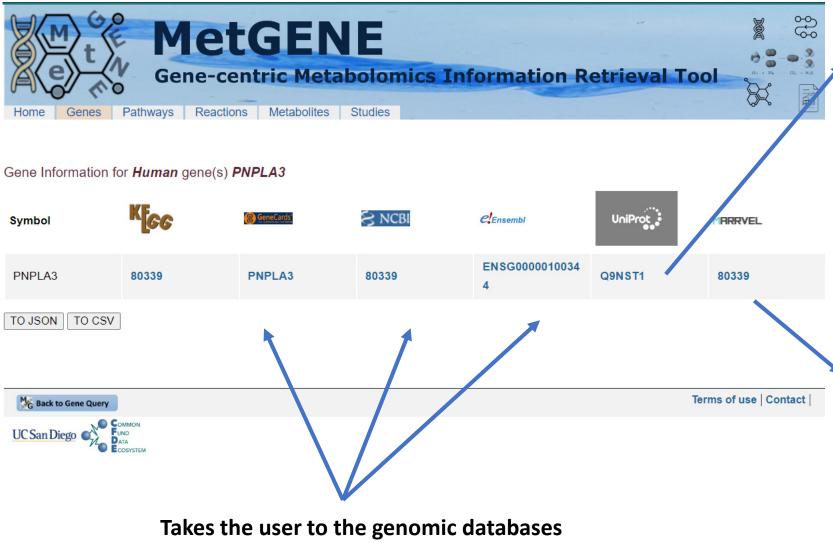
The data from MW studies are presented as table(s), with the metabolite names hyperlinked to MW RefMet page (or to the corresponding KEGG entry in the absence of a RefMet name) for the metabolite, reaction hyperlinked to its KEGG entry and MW studies hyperlinked to their respective pages. The user also has access to the metabolite statistics via MetStat. Further, the user has the option to select more than one metabolite to list only those studies in which all the selected metabolites appear and can download the table as a text, HTML or JSON file.

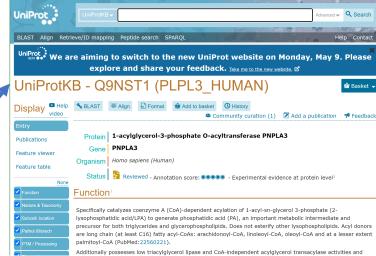


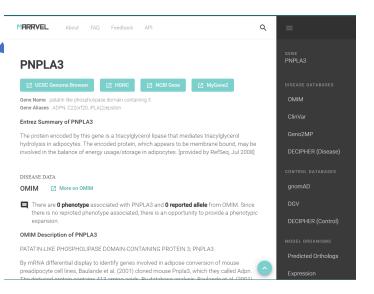




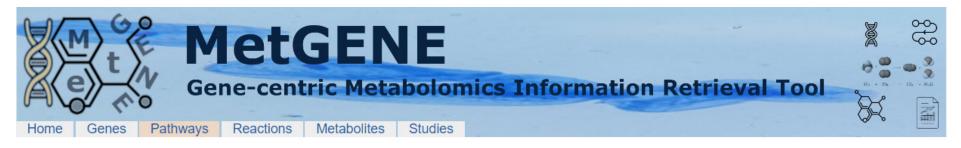
### **Genes**



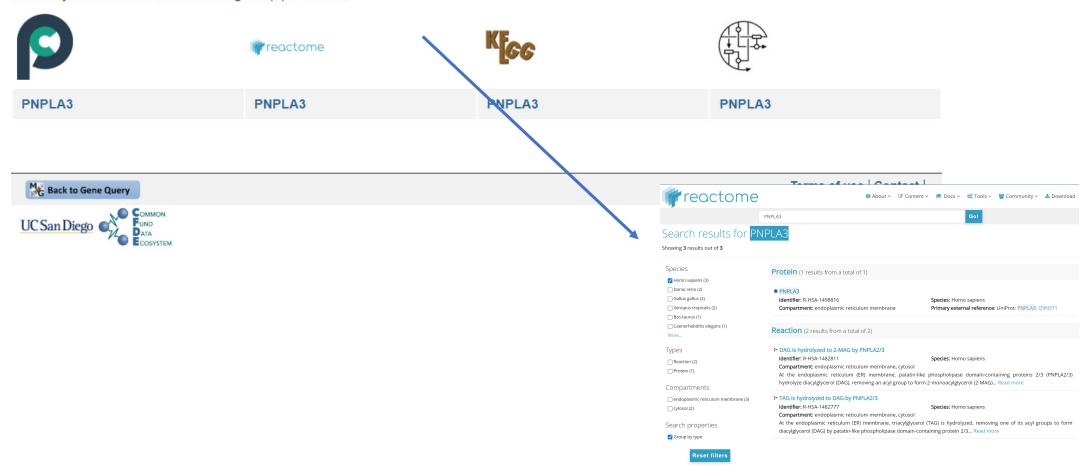




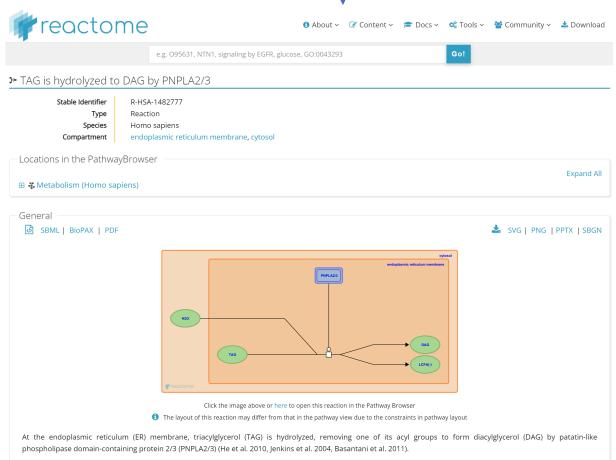
# **Pathways**



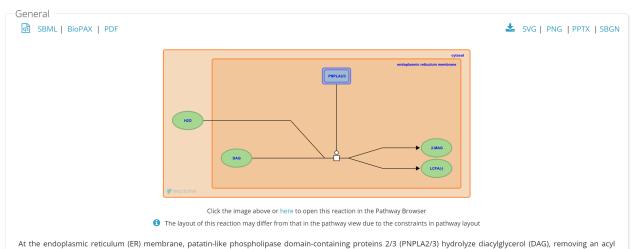
### Pathway Information for Human gene(s) PNPLA3



# Reactome Pathway page for PNPLA3 showing DAG and TAG reactions

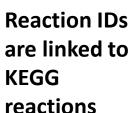






group to form 2-monoacylglycerol (2-MAG) (He et al. 2010, Jenkins et al. 2004, Basantani et al. 2011).

### **Reactions**





Reaction Information for *Human* gene *PNPLA3* 

KEGG\_REACTION\_ID

R02250

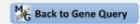
R02687

KEGG\_REACTION\_NAME

triacylglycerol acylhydrolase

1,2-diacyl-sn-glycerol acylhydrolase

TO JSON TO CSV





**Reaction Name is** 

**KEGG** reaction name



# KEGG page for Reaction R02250



### **REACTION: R02250**

	Неір			
Entry	R02250 Reaction			
Name	triacylglycerol acylhydrolase			
Definition	Triacylglycerol + H2O <=> 1,2-Diacyl-sn-glycerol + Fatty acid			
Equation	C00422 + C00001 <=> C00641 + C00162			
	C000422			
Reaction class	RC00020 C00162_C00422 RC00041 C00422_C00641			
Enzyme	3.1.1.3			
Pathway	rn00561 Glycerolipid metabolism rn01100 Metabolic pathways			
Module	M00098 Acylglycerol degradation			
Orthology	K01046 triacylglycerol lipase [EC:3.1.1.3] K12298 bile salt-stimulated lipase [EC:3.1.1.3 3.1.1.13] K13534 patatin-like phospholipase domain-containing protein 3         [EC:3.1.1.3 2.3.1] K14073 pancreatic triacylglycerol lipase [EC:3.1.1.3] K14074 pancreatic lipase-related protein 1 [EC:3.1.1.3] K14075 pancreatic lipase-related protein 2 [EC:3.1.1.3] K14076 pancreatic lipase-related protein 3 [EC:3.1.1.3] K14076 pancreatic lipase-related protein 3 [EC:3.1.1.3] K14452 gastric triacylglycerol lipase [EC:3.1.1.3] K14674 TAG lipase / steryl ester hydrolase / phospholipase A2 / LPA acyltransferase [EC:3.1.1.3 3.1.1.13 3.1.1.4 2.3.1.51] K14675 TAG lipase / lysophosphatidylethanolamine acyltransferase [EC:3.1.1.3 2.3.1] K16816 patatin-like phospholipase domain-containing protein 2 [EC:3.1.1.3] K17900 lipase ATG15 [EC:3.1.1.3]			
	K22283 hepatic triacylglycerol lipase [EC:3.1.1.3] K22284 endothelial lipase [EC:3.1.1.3]			
	K22284 endothelial lipase [EC:3.1.1.3]			

Help

DBGET integrated database retrieval system

### **Metabolites**

**Linked to MW** 

RefMet

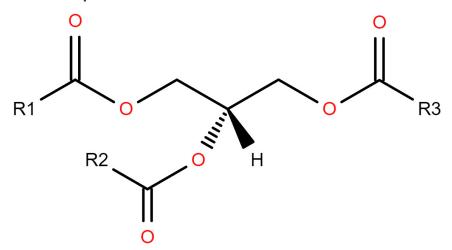
### Metabolite Information for *Human* gene(s) *PNPLA3* anatomy *Blood* disease *Fatty liver disease*

KEGGMETABID	REFMETNAME	REACTIONS	METSTAT
C00001	H2O;	R02250 R02687	
C00162	Fatty acid	R02250 R02687	
C00422	TG 14:0_16:0_18:1	R02250	idid
C00422	TG 14:0_18:1_18:1	R02250	<b>₩</b>
C00422	TG 14:0_18:2_18:2	R02250	iiii
C00422	TG 16:0_16:0_16:0	R02250	áiú
C00422	TG 16:0_18:0_18:1	R02250	idid
C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_18:2	R02250	iili
C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_18:3	R02250	idid
C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_22:6	R02250	idid
C00422	TG 18:0/18:0/18:0	R02250	idil
C00422	TG 18:0_18:1_20:4	R02250	idid
C00422	TG 18:1_18:1_18:1	R02250	idil
C00422	TG 18:1_18:1_22:6	R02250	alil
			A 2.0

Linked to KEGG (Reaction IDs))

Linked to MetStat (metabolite statistics)

### **RefMet Compound Details**



RefMet name	TG 14:0_18:1_18:1		
Alternative name	TG(14:0_18:1_18:1)		
Sum Composition	TG 50:2	View other entries in RefMet with this sum composition	
Exact mass	830.736340 (neutral)	Calculate m/z: (Choose adduct) View other RefMet entries with this exact (neutral) mass: +/- 0.05 amu +/- 0.1 amu +/- 0.2 amu +/- 0.5 amu	
Formula	C53H98O6	View other entries in RefMet with this formula	
Super Class	Glycerolipids		
Main Class	Triradylglycerols		
Sub Class	TAG (Triacylglycerols)		
Annotation level	3 (1:Known structure; 2:Known regiochemistry; 3:Partial structure; 4:Sum-composition)		
Human quantitation	View measurements in targeted assays on human samples		

MetStat page for TG 14:0\_16:0 \_ 18:1



Insufficent data points (1) to generate a histogram of RSD values

TG 14:0\_16:0\_18:1 Name:TG 14:0\_16:0\_18:1 Source:Fatty liver disease Source:Blood Species:Human) ANOVA results for this metabolite where p-value <=0.05

Name	Study_id	Analysis_id	ANOVA p-Value	FDR	Experimental Conditions (factors)
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	4.105E-4	9.639E <b>-</b> 4	T2DM;NA;N;Y
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	1.817E-2	8.446E-2	NAFLD.Category;1;2;4;NA;-
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	4.985E-2	2.257E-1	Kleiner.Steatosis;1;2;3;NA;-

TG 14:0\_16:0\_18:1( Name:TG 14:0\_16:0\_18:1 Source:Fatty liver disease Source:Blood Species:Human) List of studies, analyses, submitted metabolite names, experimental conditions and RSD values

Replicate numbers reflect the number of replicates for each experimental condition where the measured value was not null

Name	Study_id	Analysis_id	Factors	Range(RSD)	Replicate
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:NA   Kleiner.Steatosis:3   Inflammation:1	84.64	2
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:NA   Kleiner.Steatosis:3   Inflammation:2	22.64	4
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:1   Inflammation:-	96.44	2
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:1   Inflammation:1	74.63	6
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:2   Inflammation:1	76.32	2
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:3   Inflammation:1	84.28	2
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:3   Inflammation:2	91.08	3
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:1   T2DM:Y   Kleiner.Steatosis:1   Inflammation:1	41.36	3
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:2   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:1   Inflammation:-	26.74	2
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:2   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:2   Inflammation:1	34.11	4
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:2   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:2   Inflammation:2	85.85	8
TG(14:0/16:0/18:1)	ST001710	AN002785	Data type:Serum lipidomics   Sex:F   NAFLD.Category:2   T2DM:N   Kleiner.Steatosis:3   Inflammation:1	50.93	5

### **Studies**



Studies can be combined across different metabolites as selected by the user

Metabolomic Studies Information for *Human* gene(s) *PNPLA3* anatomy *Blood* disease *Fatty liver disease*Use check boxes to select metabolites to combine their studies.

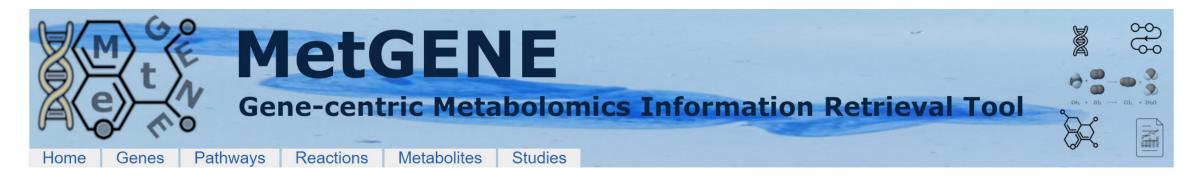
SELECT	KEGGMETABID	REFMETNAME	STUDIES	study
	C00001	H2O;	No studies found	study
	C00162	Fatty acid	No studies found	
	C00422	TG 14:0_16:0_18:1	ST001710	<b>*</b>
	C00422	TG 14:0_18:1_18:1	ST0017 Metabolic signatures of NAFLI	D - Lipidomics data (part 1 of 3)
	C00422	TG 14:0_18:2_18:2	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 16:0_16:0_16:0	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 16:0_18:0_18:1	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_18:2	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_18:3	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 16:0_18:2_22:6	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 18:0/18:0/18:0	ST001710	
	C00422	TG 18:0_18:1_20:4	ST001710	
	C00641	DG 18:2_20:4	ST002091	
	C00641	DG 18:2_22:6	ST002091	
	C00641	DG 20:0_20:0	ST002091	
	C01885	1-Acylglycerol;	No studies found	

Combine Studies

TO JSON TO CSV

Hyperlinked study IDs with hover on study title

### **Combined list of studies**



Combined studies for the selected metabolites

TG 14:0 16:0 18:1,DG 20:0 20:0

ST001710 ST002091

TO JSON TO CSV



Terms of use | Contact |



### https://www.metabolomicsworkbench.org/data/DRCCMetadata.php?Mode=Study&StudyID=ST001710



### Summary of Study ST001710

This data is available at the NIH Common Fund's National Metabolomics Data Repository (NMDR) website, the Metabolomics Workbench, https://www.metabolomicsworkbench.org, where it has been assigned Project ID PR001095. The data can be accessed directly via it's Project DOI: 10.21228/M85976 
This work is supported by NIH grant, U2C- DK119886.

See: https://www.metabolomicsworkbench.org/about/howtocite.php

This study contains a large results data set and is not available in the mwTab file. It is only available for download via FTP as data file(s) here.

Perform statistical analysis | Show all samples | Show named metabolites | Download named metabolite data Download mwTab file (text) | Download mwTab file(JSON) | Download data files (Contains raw data)

Study ID	ST001710
Study Title	Metabolic signatures of NAFLD - Lipidomics data (part 1 of 3)
Study Summary	Serum samples were randomized and extracted using a modified version of the previously-published Folch procedure, as applied recently [20]. The maternal samples were analysed as one batch and the cord blood samples as a second batch. In short, 10 µL of 0.9% NaCl and, 120 µL of CHCl3: MeOH (2:1, v/v) containing the internal standards (c = 2.5 µg/mL) was added to 10 µL of each serum sample. The standard solution contained the following compounds: 1,2-diheptadecanoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamine (PE(17:0/17:0)), N-heptadecanoyl-D-erythro-sphingosylphosphorylcholine (SM(d18:1/17:0)), N-heptadecanoyl-D-erythro-sphingosine (Cer(d18:1/17:0)), 1,2-diheptadecanoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (PC(17:0/17:0)), 1-heptadecanoyl-2-hydroxy-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (LPC(17:0)) and 1-palmitoyl-d31-2-oleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (PC(16:0/d31/18:1)), were purchased from Avanti Polar Lipids, Inc. (Alabaster, AL, USA), and, triheptadecanoylglycerol (TG(17:0/17:0/17:0)) was purchased from Larodan AB (Solna, Sweden). The samples were vortex mixed and incubated on ice for 30 min after

# **REST API**

- MetGENE output tables can be accessed using Smart APIs (<a href="https://smart-api.info/registry?q=342e4cec92030d74efd84b61650fb0ea">https://smart-api.info/registry?q=342e4cec92030d74efd84b61650fb0ea</a>)
- Information can also be accessed via the REST API from the browser, for example, https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/rest/reactions/species/hsa/GeneIDType/SYMBOL/GeneInfoStr/HK1/anatomy/Blood/disease/Diabetes/phenotype/BMI/viewType/json

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/rest/metabolites/species/hsa/GeneIDType/SYMBOL/GeneInfoStr/HK1/anatomy/Blood/disease/Diabetes/phenotype/BMI/viewType/json

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/rest/studies/species/hsa/GeneIDType/SYMBOL/GeneInfoStr/HK1/anatomy/Blood/disease/Diabetes/phenotype/BMI/viewType/json

# **REST API for Summary**

• Single gene case:

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&ENSEMBL=ENSG00000000419&viewType=all

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=ALDOB&GeneID=229

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=RPE&GeneID=6120&viewType=PIE

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=RPE&GeneID=6120&viewType=BAR

• Multiple genes case:

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=RPE ALDOB GPI&GeneID=6120 229 2821

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=RPE ALDOB GPI&GeneID=6120 229 2821&viewType=PIE

https://bdcw.org/MetGENE/mgSummary.php?species=hsa&GeneSym=RPE ALDOB GPI&GeneID=6120 229 2821&viewType=BAR